OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1747. [N°. 179.]

Doctus ait ſe ſcire nihil, ſe plurima narrat
Scire ſed indoctus, ſcit prior, iſte putat. OVID.

IT was a Saying of King *James* the Firſt, who was more accuſtomed to ſay, than to do, a good Thing, *That he had a Secretary that could not write, and an Archbiſhop who could not preach.* Whether this was expreſsly true or not, or comparatively ſpoken, I don't know; but in Charity we ought not to doubt of the Word of a King, and reſolve it away by ſubtile Conſtructions of our own deviſing; eſpecially, as it is not quite clear that he ſpoke of his Secretary of State, or of an Archbiſhop, that was not render'd incapable of his Function by Age or Infirmities; tho' Mediſance and Obloquy, being in Poſſeſſion of the Expreſſion, inſiſt on eſtabliſhing the plain Import of the Words: Indeed, if the King had expreſſed himſelf comparatively, there had been nothing extraordinary in it, ſince later Times may poſſibly have ſeen ſome Secretaries of State that could not write *as it were*, and Archbiſhops, and Biſhops many, that could not preach *as it were*; that is to ſay, Secretaries that could not *indite*, and Archbiſhops that *would* not preach; or rather ſimply Biſhops, for I doubt the Word *Arch* has crept into the Text by the Inaccuracy of Tranſcribers, as the Wiſdom of Commentators phraſe it.

The Drudgery of Preaching is left to the inferior Clergy, while the Biſhops (or rather the Overſeers of the State of the Church, according to the original Import of the Word) are ſufficiently employed in their proper Stations of Superintendency; and if they keep the laborious Part of the Order to Duty and Diſcipline, 'tis as much as, they apprehend, can be well expected from them; ſo that a preaching Mitre is a kind of *Rara Avis*; and if ſo, how much more is a Metropolitan Preacher? And yet, for the Honour of our Church and theſe Times, we are not without ſome *few* Mitres among us, that think it no Diſparagement to be ſeen and heard frequently in a Pulpit with the Goſpel in their Mouths, notwithſtanding that they have caught the Fiſh, and have no further Occaſion for the Net; unlike the impious *Leo*, who ſaid, *Quantas nobis divitias comparavit iſta de Chriſto Fabula.* We have alſo had a recent Inſtance of a Northward Metropolitan Preacher, laborioufly loud in his pious Loyalty from the *ſacred Roſtrum*, for the Service of Religion and the State; and another in the *South*, which perhaps I ought to have mentioned firſt, as indefatigably pious in the Dignity of Office, diſtributing loyal Admonitions through his Province on the ſame Occaſion.

This moſt venerable Character we have likewiſe found ſince, with Deference and Duty to the Throne, conſcientiouſly interpoſing, in the Midſt of the *Coalition*, againſt the unconſtitutional Encroachment that was lately made upon the Privileges of the People; as he well diſcerned it was a Job, concerted among them, to protract their own Power, which they might well apprehend, without Conjuration, was on the Verge of expiring, and foreboded the near Approach of the dreadful *Day of Account.* As his Voice was not countenanced, nor ſeconded but by one more, and perhaps that not very ſincerely, it became unſucceſsful; however he had the Satisfaction to unburthen his honeſt Mind in the Debate againſt the fatal Reſolve, and, after a ſolemn and pathetic Proteſtation, to withdraw, faithful to the joint Intereſt of his Royal Maſter and the public Truſt devolved upon him in right of his ſacred Station, like another *Abdiel*, from the infernal Council:

——— Abdiel, *faithful found*
Among the faithleſs, faithful only he:
Among innumerable falſe, unmov'd,
Unſhaken, unſeduc'd, unterrify'd,
His Loyalty he kept, his Love, his Zeal;
Nor Number, nor Example, with him wrought
To ſwerve from Truth, or change his conſtant Mind.

We have likewiſe ſeen him, in the Exerciſe of his ſacred Office, charitably viſiting the *Forſaken and Oppreſt*, to comfort him under the Rigour of *Threats* and the Burden of Obloquy; notwithſtanding the Diſpleaſure it might give the *Coalition:* So that whatever may have been the Eſtate of the higheſt Dignitaries in the Church in the Reign of K. *James* I. or at any Time ſince, the like Sarcaſm can in no wiſe be properly applied to the Metropolitans of the preſent Time. I ſpeak of *Great-Britain* only: Let a *Siſter Nation* juſtify her own *Reverendiſſimi* if ſhe thinks fit: A Land lately moſt highly favoured, in prelatical Preferment, by a peculiar Gift of Heaven, ariſing from the Inſpiration of *fraternal* Love and Piety in the Influence of *ducal* Charity and Wiſdom, for their Edification! Theſe People have been alſo formerly, not a little, diſtinguiſhed by a late ennobled great Man; who, to ſhew his Veneration to the Church, from whence he had deriv'd his very Being, the Foundation of his Education, and conſequently his immenſe Riches, no ſooner mounted up the higheſt Office in the State, than he began to dictate Mitred Heads to the Choice of the Crown; and particularly honour'd our aforementioned *Siſter Nation* with the Nomination of a moſt Reverend Sage, *of his own Way of Thinking*, for one of her ſpiritual Guides; who, tho', upon an Eſſay made, he was not found ſufficiently orthodox for the *paſtoral* Care over a few Sheep in this Iſland, was however, upon further Conſideration, voted capable of Amendment ſo far as to become exceedingly well qualify'd for the *Crook* on t'other Side the *Channel.*

But to return to the other Part of the Royal Saying, as to *the Secretary that could not write:* I have neither read or heard of any ſuch, but am of Opinion it is not an impoſſible nor an improbable Thing, as Secretaries go [in other Countries]; ſince the Office may be executed by a Deputy of a moderate Capacity; any kind of *Lapis* (which I find by the Dictionary is the *Latin* Word for a *Stone*, or a dull Fellow) may ſuffice, who has but Confidence enough to obtrude himſelf upon the Weakneſs and Inexperience of his Principal; and ſo not only play the Secretary upon him, but the King too upon the People; tho' perhaps he might have been but Yeſterday no more than a *Zero* among them. Such as theſe, by a little Cunning in getting on the right Side of a *Figure*, often riſe to pave the Gradations of the Church and State with Pebble or little Gravel *Stones*, and even to ſet the *Lapides* in Competition with the never-to-be-ſatisfied *Viridarii*, in Point of Preferment.

To illuſtrate this, we will ſuppoſe a Cypher thus ſet down (0): This in Arithmetic makes nothing at all, but if you let it follow any little *Figure of a Maſter*, it will make ſomething; as for Example: Put only the trifling Figure of (1) upon the Left, theſe two *Things* placed thus (10) together, will make up a *ſingle Ten:* So that, by the Aſſiſtance of the Cypher, the Figure (1) becomes of nine times more Significance than it was before; whereas, if they be ſeparated, the one becomes a kind of *Homo Vilis*, or nothing at all; and the other what may be called, next kin to it, a *Thing* which only juſt exiſts, and can do but very little of itſelf. What a Pity then it would be if they ſhould be ever parted?

But how happy is that Country in this Age, where the King's ſhrewd Saying cannot be drawn in, with any Truth, to reflect a Joke upon either of the two great Officers, who drive the Quil of State with ſo much Honour to themſelves and Satisfaction to the People? For it is notorious, that one of them can *write* in every Senſe of the Word; yea, politically and poetically too! And as for the other, I have had ocular Demonſtration that, however ſuſpected he may be of Deficiency that Way, he can write as legible and fair as any Merchant's Clerk in *London* —— I mean his Name. I could have wiſhed this Satisfaction, which I received from a Foreigner of good Senſe and Diſtinction, with whom I had the Pleaſure to travel down to the Sea Coaſt lately, had not been daſhed with a Bitter, in no wiſe pleaſing to a Perſon ſo anxious for the Honour of his Country as I am. He told me he had been in *England* about three Years at a great Expence, after having travelled over all the reſt of *Europe.* Tho' he diſcourſed much and well on the Excellence of the *Britiſh* Laws and Conſtitution, yet was he not unacquainted with the Abuſe of both among us; for, "Sir, "(ſaid he) is it not very ſtrange, that there is no going out "of this free Country without *paying for it*; this *Permiſſion* "(ſhewing me a Paper) coſt me Two Guineas, and not only "that but eight Day's Attendance before I could obtain "it; which has put me to very great Inconvenience, as I "had received a Letter from my Friends to haſten home, "becauſe my Father was taken very ill and given over by "his Phyſicians: Now if he ſhould die before my Arrival, "it will not only give me great Diſquiet that I could not "arrive in Time to receive his Death-Bed Bleſſing, but "am afraid it will totally ruin my Affairs at home, for "want of my ſeeing him before his Death."—Here he was interrupted by a very heavy Sigh from his Heart, and ſome Tears from his Eyes.

I found the Paper was a Paſs from public Authority, and was heartily aſhamed, for my Country, of the Delay and Injury which this Gentleman complain'd of, from an Impoſition and Negligence of an Office, where, if Buſineſs is very ill govern'd, it is of Courſe very ill executed. Theſe Paſſes, I am inform'd, took their Riſe in the Time of the laſt Rebellion, as no Doubt it was then neceſſary to know who went out of the Kingdom, and upon what Occaſion, in order to detect the Enemies of the Government; but when the public Troubles had ceaſed, this Reſtriction ought to have ceaſed alſo; as it is a great Interruption to Commerce in a free Country, more eſpecially as to a Communication with *Holland*, an Allied Nation: But when any lucrative Branch of Buſineſs is once ſet up, the Vermin of Power, who are in Poſſeſſion of it, very reluctantly part with its Sweets: Two Guineas a Paſs, in a commercial Nation, will amount to a very large Sum at the End of the Year!

But as I apprehend that this is a groſs Impoſition upon Particulars, and become an Evil derogatory of the public Honour, it ought to be ſpeedily remedied; ſo as it may be no longer told abroad, that Strangers find themſelves entrapt in the Nation, and muſt pay for the Liberty of going out of it, for the Benefit of a mercenary Clerk or two poſted in a public Office, like a Turnpike Fellow on

Road, to force a Ticket Paſs upon the Traveller, after the Statute becomes expired.

It may be ſaid, that ſomething like this is practiſed abroad; and that a Traveller cannot quit the Town wherein he happens to take up his Lodging of a Night, without a Paſs from the *Commandant* of the Place. This is true, and is of ſome little Inconvenience to a Traveller, but neither troubleſome nor expenſive; for if you ſend your travelling Name and Quality, whether real or not, to the Office erected for that Purpoſe, there are Clerks always attending, who, tho' they do not keep their Chariots and Equipages, nor break nor die in Debt like our *Deſk-Gentry* in this Iſland, will diſpatch your Paſs in a few Minutes, and for a very few *Sous*: They neither aſk nor expect your Silver or your Gold. They readily do their Duty, under the ſevere Penalty of Diſmiſſion, and in the Inſpection of an uncorrupt and *unangliciſed* Officer, who dares not violate the Honour of the Government, or tranſgreſs the Rules preſcribed by his Superiors for his Obſervation and Practice; ſo that no Perſon is any way delay'd or injur'd by this Formality, which in Times of Peace is not ſo ſtrictly purſued, though abſolutely neceſſary in the turbulent Seaſons of War, for the Preſervation of a Place or Town on the Continent.

But ſuppoſing, in this Affair, we do not fare worſe than our Neighbours, is a Nation of Freedom and public Commerce, and an Iſland, which is no neceſſary Thorough-fare to other Countries, to imitate the bad Examples practiſed by abſolute Powers and Tyrants on the Continent, while we neglect the Imitation of every thing which is praiſe-worthy in them? No ſure! if we copy them in aught, let it be in what may be conducive of the public Good, and the raiſing of our ſinking Country into Credit and Eſteem: Let us regulate our Motions by thoſe of the very Enemy, form and compoſe our public Councils by theirs, and learn to conquer as they do: So ſhall Poſterity never hear further of *a Secretary that could not write, nor of a Biſhop that could not preach*, among us.

LONDON.

Thurſday the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, and Sheriffs, went in the City Barge with the uſual Formality to Weſtminſter-Hall, and the new Sheriffs were ſworn in at the Exchequer Bar, before the Curſitor Baron. After which, they returned back in their Barges to Blackfryars, and from thence proceeded to Brewer's-Hall, where a grand Entertainment was provided for them

We hear that Sir Robert Ladbroke, Lord-Mayor elect, will keep his Mayoralty at Grocer's Hall.

Monday the Right Hon. the Earl of Granville waited on his Majeſty at Court; who at the ſame Time appointed him Ambaſſador Extraordinary to the Court of Berlin, on a Commiſſion of the greateſt Importance.

We hear that Lieutenant-Colonel Montagu will have one one of the vacant Regiments of Foot.

Thurſday a Committee of Council was held at the Cockpit, when ſeveral wealthy Graziers attended, in order to obtain Warrants for ſelling their Cattle, which were granted to them, on Oath firſt made that they were ſound, and fit for Sale.

SITTINGS appointed in London and Middleſex, before the Right Hon. Sir William Lee, Knt. Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of King's-Bench at Weſtminſter, in and after Michaelmas Term, 1747.

Middleſex.			London.		
Tueſday	Nov.	3	Friday	Nov.	6
Tueſday		10	Friday		13
Tueſday		17	Friday		20
Thurſday		26	Friday		27
After Term.			After Term.		
Monday	Nov.	30	Tueſday	Dec.	1

On Sunday Evening laſt about Seven o'Clock died of the Small-Pox, at his Father's Houſe in Duke-ſtreet, Weſtminſter, the Lord Darcy, only Son and Hair Apparent to the Right Hon. the Earl of Holderneſs.

Tueſday Night died ſuddenly at her Houſe in Mark-Lane, Miſs Jenny Pember, a beautiful young Lady, much regretted by all who had the Pleaſure of her Acquaintance.

Monday a great Number of wounded Soldiers of the Foot Guards were landed from Flanders, and put into the Duke of Cumberland's Infirmary at Pimlico.

Laſt Saturday Night a Drayman, belonging to Mr. Jones's Brewhouſe at Bow, driving his Dray through Stepney Town, and ſetting upon the Shafts, his Legs were jammed againſt a Poſt, and the Fleſh tore off both in a miſerable Manner. 'Tis obſervable, that this Man was juſt recovered from a broken Leg, which happened to him in the ſame Manner; but neither the Penalty which the Law inflicts, nor the frequent Accidents that happen by Carmen, &c riding upon their Carts, ſeem ſufficient to deter them from ſo pernicious a Practice.

Laſt Monday began Wayhill Fair, where was the greateſt Quantity of Hops perhaps ever known. The Price ran from 4 l. 10 s. to 7 l. 10 s.

Monday Mr. Edwards, a Farmer at Hillendon in Hampſhire, was robbed by two Highwaymen and three Footpads, about two Miles from Weyhill, of 250 l. with which they made off

The ſame Day Mr. Haſſel, a Hop-Factor in the Borough, was attack'd by the ſame Ruffians, who robb'd him of 82 l. and his Watch. It is ſaid both the Perſons intend to ſue the County.

Wedneſday Sir James Sibley and his Lady were attack'd in their Chariot by a ſingle Highwayman, near Colnbrook; who took about 18 l. from Sir James, and a Gold Watch from his Lady.

Sunday Night, as Williamſon, a Weſt-India Merchant in Thames-Street, was returning home from his Houſe at Tooting in Surry to London, he was attacked by four Ruffians near Stockwell, who robbed him of 9 l. his Hat and Wig.

Monday John Lamb, Sexton of St. Andrew's Church, Holborn, was committed to Newgate by the Lord Mayor, for being concerned with the Gravedigger of the ſaid Pariſh, in ſtealing 150 Lead Coffins out of the Vault in the ſaid Church, ſeveral of which were found in his Houſe.

Among the Leaden Coffins found are thoſe of the late Rev. Dr. Sacheverell, and the noted Sally Saliſbury.

On Saturday Night laſt about Six o'Clock died at the Dolphin Inn without Biſhopgate, the unfortunate Capt. Johns, who was ſtabbed in Houndſditch on Wedneſday 7-Night.——About two Hours before his Death, the City Marſhal brought before him one Moſes Yoel, a Jew, whom the Deceaſed before ſeveral Witneſſes declared, on the Words of a dying Man, to be the very Villain that ſtabbed him; and afterwards depoſed the ſame before Mr. Alderman Rawlinſon, on which the Fellow was ordered to Newgate; and ſince his Confinement he has impeach'd ſome others concerned in the ſaid Robbery and Murder. It is ſaid that the Watchman who was wounded in Petticoat Lane, in the apprehending ſome of the Parties concern'd, is ſince dead.

Wedneſday Jacob Lopez, was committed to Newgate, for being concerned in the Robbery and Murder abovementioned.

The Dutch have been this Year very ſucceſsful in their Whale-Fiſhery, inſomuch that the Beginning of laſt Week there were no leſs than 35 Ships arrived in one Day in the Texel from Greenland; having on board no leſs than 144 Whales, and 4729 Quarts of Blubber.

Admiral Byng is, we hear, arrived before Genoa, and has lately taken ſeveral Veſſels bound to that Place with Proviſions.

By Letters from Portmahone we have an Account of the Arrival there of the homeward-bound Turky Fleet, under the Convoy of two Men of War; and that they were to ſail for England with the firſt fair Wind; and to be joined by the following Men of War, viz. the Norfolk ordered to Plymouth, the Diamond to Portſmouth, and the Ruſſel to the Downs. The ſame Letters mention, that two French Privateers had taken 16 or 17 Veſſels off that Place.

We hear that the Men of War cruizing in the Bay of Biſcay have had very bad Weather, by which they ſuffered very much, particularly the Hampton-Court, who has loſt her Bowſprit.

On Monday came Advice that the Dover Man of War, of 40 Guns, Capt. Shirley, had fallen in with a French Man of War of 44 Guns, whom ſhe engaged for four Hours very ſmartly, and then took her.——She is a new Ship, had been out of Breſt but two Days, and was bound to Martinico. We hear ſhe is brought into Plymouth in a very ſhatter'd Condition.

We are advis'd from Genoa, that two large French Men of War, and a Frigate, are cruizing between the Iſland of Capria and Monte Chriſto, and another French Privateer, upon the Coaſts of Sardinia, all which were lately fitted out from Toulon. The Men of War ſearch all neutral Ships, and take out of them any Britiſh Goods they find on board. The Leopard Man of War arrived lately at Leghorn with a French Pollacca bound from Marſeilles to Alexandria, very richly laden.

Capt. Philips, Commander of the Packet lately arrived from Jamaica, was attacked, ſoon after he left that Iſland, by a French Privateer, whom he ſoon obliged to run, and drove her aſhore on the Eaſt End of Cuba, where he battered her for ſome Time, then ſent his Boat on board, plundered her, brought away the Captain's Commiſſion, and then ſunk her.—This is the brave Capt. Philips that cut the Solebay Man of War out of a French Port, and for which gallant Action his Majeſty ordered him a Preſent of 500 l. and a Gold Medal worth 100 l.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, Sept. 29.

"On Saturday laſt arrived at Spithead the Portland's Prize.

The ſame Day arrived at Spithead the Swallow Sloop of War.

On Sunday Night Robert Bowden, one of the Boat's Crew belonging to the Chicheſter Man of War, was kill'd on Portſmouth Point by Lieutenant John Aikenhead, belonging to the ſame Ship. The ſaid Lieutenant is now in Cuſtody at Portſmouth."

They write from the Hague, that it was expected a Congreſs will ſoon be held at Aaken, in order to reſtore a general Peace.

Count Blot, the new Commandant of Bergen-op-zoom under Marſhal Lowendahl, in order to bring back the Inhabitants that have left the Place during the Siege, has caus'd Proclamation to be made, that he will grant them all poſſible Protection and Aſſiſtance; and alſo that he will endeavour to alleviate their Misfortune, by all the Succour that is in his Power to procure them; that with regard to the Boatmen, who may chuſe to come thither with Proviſions, or Commodities of any kind, they ſhall have free Liberty to land their Goods, and diſpoſe of them in the ſame Manner as has been granted in Dutch Flanders, provided they only ſtop at the Water Fort, and ſubmit to the Viſit that is uſual in Places of War; that afterwards, they ſhall meet with no Obſtruction or Delay in the Tranſaction of their Affairs, but ſhall find the utmoſt Facility; and in caſe they cannot ſell their Goods, they ſhall have Leave to carry them back without Impediment, as hath alſo been the Practice in Dutch Holland.

Two thirds of the Houſes that were left at Bergen-op-zoom when it was ſurprized, have been ſince burnt to the Ground by an accidental Fire.

M. Vaſſi, Governor of the Forts on the Scheld, having removed from Lillo to Fort Frederick-Henry, which is furiouſly battered by the French, in order to give ſome Directions, was killed on the Parapet by a Cannon-Ball: But as Major-General Diedetick was ſent from the Hague to Lillo by the Prince Stadtholder before this Accident happened, it's hoped the Death of the Governor will not facilitate the Loſs of thoſe Places.

As the Deduction of the Rights of the Houſe of Heſſe to the Duchy of Brabant, are not yet in the Hands of the World, the Dutch Politicians are very much at a Loſs to gueſs how that Claim can be grounded; becauſe the only Marriage they find is that of Henry V. Duke of Brabant, to an Heireſs of Heſſe-Caſſel, who was his ſecond Wife, and from whom the Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel is deſcended; but as his Son by his firſt Wife ſucceeded him in his Duchy of Brabant, it is not eaſy to conceive how any Pretenſions can ariſe from thence.

According to private Advices from Italy, the Genoeſe are very buſy in repairing, augmenting, and even adding new Works to their Fortifications; they expect ſix thouſand Men more from Provence, and are making all poſſible Diſpoſitions for the Security of the Eaſtern Riviera; they have already fortified Porto Spezzia, into which they have thrown a Garriſon of eight hundred regular Troops; they are fortifying Porto Fino with the utmoſt Diligence, and they propoſe to canton ſix thouſand Men in the Neighbourhood of Sarzano.

According to ſome private Letters from Turin, there is like to be a very warm Winter Campaign, his Sardinian Majeſty being reſolved to employ his whole Force, in order to expel the Enemy from the County of Nice; in which there is no Doubt that the Auſtrians will heartily concur, becauſe it is impoſſible to reſume the Siege of Genoa with any Probability of Succeſs, while the French and Spaniards remain in Poſſeſſion of the convenient Harbour of Villa Franca.

There are certain Accounts from Perſia, by the Way of Ruſſia, of the Schah's Death, the Circumſtances are as follow: It was near Candahar Part of his Army went over to the Rebels, who were headed by Ibrahim Khan, Son of one of the Schah's Nephews, whom he had ſome Time before put to Death, or blinded: This Deſertion joined to many Reaſons, which may be eaſily ſuggeſted concerning a Man where Cruelty had no Bounds, determined many of the Chiefs to cut him off, which was executed by a Khan, and a few Followers, who under Pretence of very urgent Buſineſs, on which Life and Death depended, with Papers in their Hands, paſſed the Guard not without Difficulty; others followed and ruſhed into his Haram. The Noiſe had alarmed him, and he drew his Sabre, demanding how they dare come into his Preſence; more Blows paſſed than Words, for Nadir Schah killed four Men before he was cut down, thus dying as he always lived. They cut off his Head, took out his Heart and burnt it, and cut his Body in Pieces.

The King of Spain has iſſued an Ordinance, forbidding all Counſellers and Attorneys at Law, and Phyſicians, to ride in Coaches thro' the Streets of Madrid, and allowing the Uſe of Mules to ſuch of them as, thro' Age or Infirmities, are not able to walk on Foot.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Norwich, Sept. 26. Three French Privateers, one of 10 Carriage, 12 Swivels, one of 8 Carriage, 10 Swivels, and a Lug-Sail Boat, having lately taken at the Northward a Ship from Virginia, laden with Corn, and a Cod Smack, which they ſent to France, and having 19 Engliſh Priſoners on board the Privateer, laſt Monday put 16 of them into

an open Boat near Cromer, on the Coaſt of Norfolk, and on going aſhore the Boat overſet, and eight of them were drowned. One of thoſe who eſcaped ſays, That about three Hours before they fell in with the above Privateers, they ſpoke with an Engliſh Man of War, of 20 Guns, who had been ſeveral Days cruzing after ſome Privateers, but could not meet with any of them

Canterbury, Sept. 26. On Sunday laſt was committed to Maidſtone Jail, by Joſeph Bell, Eſq; John Horton, charg'd on the Oath of George Campbell, Eſq; Store-keeper of his Majeſty's Ordnance at Woolwich, for having in his Cuſtody a round Shot with his Majeſty's broad Arrow upon it, and is Part of his Majeſty's Stores.

Newcaſtle, Sept 26. They write from Hexam, that ſeveral curious Perſons have been lately at Mr. Maſon's Garden there, to ſee an Apple-Tree, which had all its Fruit pluck'd off ripe about a Month ago, now cover'd with Bloſſoms; ſeveral of which are ſet, and ſeem to all Appearance advancing as faſt to a State of Perfection, as in May or June.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Sept. 21. Laſt Wedneſday died, at her Seat in the Shire of Air, the Right Hon. Anne Counteſs of Kilmarnock.

Edinburgh, Sept. 24. The Winter Quarters for the Troops in Scotland are appointed as follow:

Dragoons. St. George's at Leith, Haddington, Dunſe, and Kelſo. Naiſon's, at Newliſton, Stranraer, Air, and Dumfries.

Foot. Skelton's, at Fort-William. Price's, at Inverneſs, Batterau's, at Elgin, Banff, Peterhead, and Aberdeen. Blackney's, at Montroſe, Arbroath, Dundee, and St. Andrew's. Handaſayd's, at Perth, with the Artillery. Farrell's, at Stirling Houghton's, at Glaſgow. Mordaunt's, at Linlithgow, Borrowſtouneſs, and Edinburgh Caſtle.

Thoſe of the North Britiſh Fuziliers, who came over after the late Battle of Val, at Dalkeith; and thoſe late Crawfurd's, at Alloa.

Additional Companies. Two of the firſt Battalion of the Scots Royals, at Cowpar in Fife; and two of the ſecond Battalion, at Kircaldie. Three Companies of Lord John Murray's, at Inverary, Taybridge and Tarland. And two Companies of Lord Loudon's, at Ruthven, and Dingwall.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Sept. 22. On the 7th Inſt. died the Rev. John Richardſon, D. D. Dean of Kilmacduagh, and Rector of Belturbet, in the 78th Year of his Age, and 54th of his Rectorſhip. He publiſhed an Iriſh Grammar and Common-Prayer-Book, for the Uſe of the poor Native Iriſh, in order to convert them to the Proteſtant Religion.

Laſt Week the Maſter of a Portugeuſe Ship was committed to Newgate for raviſhing and otherwiſe abuſing a young Woman on George's Quay.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Breda, Sept. 22, *O. S.* 'Tis juſt now reported that Marſhal Saxe's Army is decamp'd, and marching to Dieſt. Some think that the French have ſome new Enterprize in View; be it as it will, 'tis certain that the Duke of Cumberland will leave a good Garriſon in Maeſtricht, and approach theſe Quarters with his Army, in order to obſerve the Enemy.

Hague, October 3, *N. S.* The Council of War, that was appointed to examine into the Conduct of General La Roque, has drawn up his Sentence, and laid it before the Prince of Orange, but it is not to be made Publick, or even pronounced, till firſt his Highneſs gives his Conſent to it.

Hague, Sept. 25, *O. S.* The beſt Advices from Italy report that the News of the taking of Ventimiglia was a little Premature. It's nevertheleſs true, that the Garriſon perceiving the Place to be inveſted, demanded to capitulate upon the Terms of marching out freely; but Baron Leutrum having refuſed to grant them theſe Conditions, is obliged to beſiege it in Form, which will be carried on vigorouſly, and in all Probability with Succeſs, ſeeing the French dare not ſtir out of their Entrenchments, nor can throw any Reinforcements into it, by reaſon of the Proximity of the Army of the King of Sardinia.

ITALY.

Leghorn, Sept. 6, *O. S.* Admiral Byng, who has ſucceeded Admiral Medley in the Command of the Britiſh Fleet in the Mediterranean, has divided it in three Squadrons, one of which cruizes off the Coaſt of Provence; the ſecond Diviſion is ſtationed on the Weſtern Coaſt of Genoa; and the third cruizes along the Eaſtern Coaſt, and likewiſe off the Iſland of Corſica.

GERMANY.

Dreſden, Sept. 16, *O. S.* Laſt Friday about Six in the Morning, the whole City was frightned by a terrible Exploſion, which ſhook many Houſes, broke Abundance of Windows, Looking-Glaſſes, Porcelain, &c. and flung down ſeveral People, tho' we don't hear that any were killed by this Accident, which was occaſioned by the Careleſneſs of a Workman in the Laboratory, where three vaulted Rooms, in which there was good Store of Gunpowder, and other Combuſtibles, blew up: The Flames ſpread to the ſtately Edifice called the Damſel, in which was kept a valuable Collection of Pieces of Antiquity, which have been all conſumed: But, with great Care and Diligence, we made ſhift to extinguiſh the Fire before it reached the Royal Laboratory; and ſo ſaved the Arſenals, and above half the City, which otherwiſe might have been ruined by this unlucky Accident.

This Day is publiſhed,

The SECOND EDITION *of*

THE NATURAL METHOD of curing the DISEASES of the Body, and the DISORDERS of the Mind depending on the Body.

In THREE PARTS.

I. GENERAL REFLECTIONS on the Oeconomy of Nature in Animal Life.

II. The MEANS and METHOD for preſerving Life and Faculties; and alſo concerning the NATURE and CURE of Acute, Contagious, and Cephalic Diſorders.

III. REFLECTIONS on the NATURE and CURE of particular Chronical Diſtempers.

By GEORGE CHEYNE, *M. D. R. C. Ed. & F. R. S.*

Printed for G. STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball, againſt the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

Where may be had, by the ſame AUTHOR,

The Six following BOOKS, *viz.*

An ESSAY on HEALTH and LONG LIFE. *The* NINTH EDITION.

The ENGLISH MALADY; or, A Treatiſe of Nervous Diſeaſes of all Kinds, as Spleen, Vapours, Lowneſs of Spirits, Hypochondriacal and Hiſterical Diſtempers, *&c.* In THREE PARTS.

An ESSAY of the true Nature and due Method of treating the GOUT: Together with an Account of the Nature and Quality of BATH-WATERS, the Manner of uſing them, and the Diſeaſes in which they are proper: As alſo of the Nature and Cure of moſt Chronical Diſtempers. *The* FIFTH EDITION, *enlarged to more than double the former.*

A NEW THEORY of Acute and Slow-continued FEVERS: Wherein, beſides their Appearances and the Manner of their Cure, occaſionally the Structure of the GLANDS, and the Manner and Laws of *Secretion*, the Operation of *Purgative*, *Vomitive*, and *Mercurial* MEDICINES, are *Mechanically* explained. To which is prefixed, An ESSAY concerning the Improvement of the Theory of Medicine. *The* FOURTH EDITION, *corrected.*

Philoſophical Principles of RELIGION, Natural and Revealed. In TWO PARTS. I. Containing the Elements of Natural Philoſophy, and the Proofs of Natural Religion. II. The Nature of Infinites, together with the Philoſophic Principles of Revealed Religion. *The* THIRD EDITION.

An ESSAY on REGIMEN, together with five Diſcourſes, Medical, Moral, and Philoſophical: Serving to illuſtrate the Principles and Theory of Philoſophical Medicine, and point out ſome of its Moral Conſequences. *The* NINTH EDITION.

This Day are publiſh'd,

Neatly printed in OCTAVO,

THE Art of curing Venereal Diſeaſes, explained by mechanical Principles.

The prognoſtic Signs of Acute Diſeaſes, eſtabliſhed by ancient Obſervation, and explained by the beſt modern Diſcoveries, with a Preface by Dr. COCKBURN.

Sea-Diſeaſes; or a Treatiſe of their Nature, Cauſes, and Cure: Alſo an Eſſay of bleeding in Fevers.

The Symptoms, Nature, and Cauſe of a Gonorrhœa. The Third Edition, enlarged, with Cuts. Both by WM. COCKBURN, M. D. Fellow of the Royal Society, and of the College of Phyſicians.

Eſſays on ſeveral Parts of the Animal Oeconomy: 1ſt, Of the Quantity of Blood in the Human Body. 2d. Of the Velocity of the Blood. 3d. Of the Force of the Heart in driving the Blood through the whole Body. 4th. Of Animal Secretion, and 5th. of Muſcular Motion. By JAMES KEILL, M. D. The Fourth Edition, corrected and enlarged. To which is added, A Diſſertation concerning the Force of the Heart. Alſo Statical Obſervations, explained and compared with Sanctorius's Aphoriſms.

The Practice of Phyſic, reduced to the ancient Way of Obſervations, containing a juſt Parallel between the Wiſdom and Experience of the Ancients, and the Hypotheſis of modern Phyſicians, with many practical Remarks upon moſt Diſtempers; and ſeveral new and curious Diſſertations, particularly of the Tarantula. Written by GEORGE BAGLIVI, M. D.

All Printed for GEORGE STRAHAN, at the Golden Ball in Cornhill.

BANKRUPTS.

Wm. Robinſon, jun. of Dagenham in Eſſex, Saleſman.
Iſaac Took, of Norwich, Grocer.
John Warren, of Covent-Garden, Broker and Chinaman.
Alexander Gwynne, of Carmarthen, Merchant.

This Day is publiſhed,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have allready injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf, which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Caſuiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Effeminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

As alſo Dr. QUINCY's Tranſlation of Dr. CARR's remarkable Anſwer to a Letter ſent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words.

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr ISTED, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 s. 6 d.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Strangurles, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the aboveſaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety: as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is ſo ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſons is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon aſking o ſix for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 s 6 d

ANTI-SIPHYLICON.

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and ſo as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exaſperated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and moſt effectual Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-ſhop, at the Roſe and Crown, againſt St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.*

Concerning Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes of all Kinds.

ALL judicious Phyſicians and Surgeons allow, that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes whether occaſion'd by too ſevere purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutio ſui, or any other Cauſe whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Conſequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain ſince they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble the whole Nervous Syſtem, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Tabes Dorſalis, or Conſumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Conſumptions which frequently terminate in Death itſelf.

All ſuch therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old ſtubborn Gleets, Seminal Effuſions, Involuntary Emiſſions, exceſſive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakneſs of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtleſs be glad to meet with a certain, ſafe and ſpeedy Cure, which they muſt aſſuredly may, by the taking only a ſmall Quantity of a tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary, now publiſhed for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the moſt ſtubborn Gleets known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as alſo all other Weakneſſes of the Back, Reins, Seminal Veſſels and Urinary Paſſages, which it almoſt inſtantly cures, bringing to rights and reſtoring all thoſe Parts and Paſſages to their natural Tone and priſtine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doſes of it only.

This tranſcendent Balſamick Reſtrictive Electuary is neither diſagreeable to take, nor occaſions the leaſt Diſorder, but is a wonderful Reſtorative in all Weakneſs and Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, and particularly ſtrengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Veſſels, to an immenſe Degree, inſomuch that in any Debility of them, one Doſe of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Perſons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weakneſſes of any Sort, or Weakneſſes of the Urinary Veſſels, who take it, will in three Days time find it ſo very effectual, that they will be moſt agreeably ſurpriſed at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accompliſh ſuch a ſafe, ſpeedy and perfect Cure of ſuch difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weakneſſes are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be ſaid in Praiſe of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the abovemention'd Purpoſes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its abſolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being ſufficient in moſt Caſes to accompliſh a Cure, worth ten time, as much, and by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, which whomſoever carefully reads will be complete Maſter of his own Caſe, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakneſs he is afflicted with ſucceeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Foul Diſeaſe is intirely extirpated or not. Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamick Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt paid.

To all Gentlemen, Builders, and Others.

THOMAS ETTERIDGE, COLOURMAN,

(Son in Law to the late Mr JOSEPH EMERTON, *who in his Life time chiefly managed his Buſineſs)*

At the BELL *and* SUN, *over-againſt Norfolk Street, between St. Clement's and the New Church in the Strand, London,*

CONTINUES to Sell, in the ſame Manner his late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the loweſt Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may ſet their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houſes, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewiſe ſells to the Ladies all ſorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing neceſſary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greateſt Perfection, to thoſe that buy Colours. Alſo Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varniſh.

He deals only for READY MONEY

His Houſe faces Norfolk Street, and not Arundel Street, in the Strand.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY, and all Scorbutick Humours, tho' arrived in the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without any ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt Pleaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, do at once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids, &c. * niſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms, of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and, as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions.

The moſt Noble ELIXIR

For Hypochondriack Melancholy in Men, and the Hiſterick Diſeaſe, or Vapors in Women,

IN three Days Time, demonſtrates to every one who takes it, that it is abſolutely infallible for the thorough Cure of thoſe perplexing Indiſpoſitions, even in their higheſt and moſt grievous Degree, where nothing but Horror reigns, where Reaſoning is interrupted or depraved, and where the Mind is confuſed with terrible Perturbations, Anxieties, and Deſpondency even to Diſtraction, and the Body affliicted with almoſt innumerable Ailments.

It's ſurprizing to ſee how ſoon this CELEBRATED ELIXIR (even a few Doſes of it only) entirely cures all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms, and induces a new train of chearful and pleaſant Ideas, inſtead of thoſe deep and black thoughts, thoſe direful Apprehenſions that ſo tenaciouſly dwelt upon the Soul, clouded the Underſtanding, and deſtroyed all notion of ever receiving Comfort again; for it occaſions a flow of undiſturbed Spirits, and cauſes bright gleams of Joy to break in upon the Heart, and chaſe away the wholeload of depreſſed and melancholy Imaginations ſo effectually, that the Patients are ſuddenly reliev'd both in Body and Mind, and now enjoying perfect Health, free and lively Spirits, ſteady, ſerene and gay Thoughts, ſtand as much amazed that they could be chain'd down to ſuch a diſmal way of Thinking, ſuch dreadful Fears, and dark Incumbrances, as before, they were hopeleſs of ever getting free from them.

In a Word, the Effect of this moſt Noble Elixir, in ſo ſuddenly and infallibly curing *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in Men, and the *Hyſterick Diſeaſe*, or *Vapours* in Women, in all their Shapes and Appearances, even after all other Remedies have proved fruitleſs, is inexpreſſible, as the vaſt Numbers of both Sexes who have been perfectly cured by it, with the utmoſt Satisfaction declare.

It occaſions no manner of Diſorder, is pleaſant to take, a few Drops of it are a Doſe, and is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyſhop, at the Roſe and Crown againſt St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

The only True Specifick TINCTURE

For the TOOTH-ACH, and all Diſorders and Defects of the TEETH and GUMS whatever, which has given ſuch intire Satisfaction to the Nobility and Gentry for above theſe Twenty Years paſt, by its vaſtly excelling all other Things, either formerly invented or lately contrived for theſe Purpoſes;

SINCE one Drop of it gives infallible and inſtant Eaſe in the moſt tormenting Pain, when nothing elſe will, and not only takes it away in a Moment, but abſolutely cures the TOOTH ACH, ſo as certainly to prevent its Return.

As only once uſing, it makes the fouleſt Teeth moſt beautifully white, aſſuredly faſtens thoſe that are looſe, and infallibly preſerves the Teeth from growing rotten, and thoſe a little decayed, from becoming worſe: It perfectly cures the Scurvy in the Gums, cauſing them to grow up to the Teeth again to Admiration, and alſo occaſions a ſweet Breath.

It is neither diſagreeable to the Smell or Taſte, but effectually preſerves the Teeth and Gums from all manner of Foulneſs, Corruption and Putrefaction, keeps them ſound, good, and in moſt beautiful Order, and may be depended upon to anſwer the Character here given of it, literally, and in every Reſpect, as Perſons innumerable have experienced.

But theſe inimitable Qualities, and ſolely inherent Virtues by which it has juſtly gained ſuch an univerſal and unparallell'd great Character, have occaſion'd, as uſual in ſuch Caſes, various and frequent Endeavours to mimick it, ſome under the ſame Name, and in the very Words of this Advertiſement, and others under other Names; be careful, therefore, to have the right, which may be infallibly relied upon, and which is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewoman at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, London, at 3s. 6d a Bottle, with Directions

Good Allowance to thoſe who take Quantities for Exportation.

For the Immediate Cure of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cauſe ſoever,*

And alſo of IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *however occaſion'd, or of ever ſo long Standing,*

The Famous and Ineſtimable PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

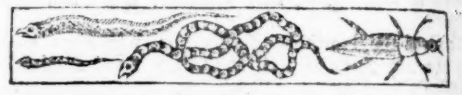
BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Barrenneſs in Women, and Impotency in Men in the Univerſe, and which accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have Experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently repleniſhing the criſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, reviving and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition, baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by faſt living or otherwiſe, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon here enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It reſtifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavnor, is pleaſant to the Palate. Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

Theſe are the *Gnawing* WORMS,



THAT Keep Perſons (and moſtly Children) in ſuch an Ill State of Health, that No Body can Tell What They Ail, Till they See Theſe WORMS to Come ſo VISIBLY, Away.

After Children's EATING only ONE, or 2.——And, Grown Perſons 3, or 4, of the Famous Little SUGAR PLUMS, (Which have Nothing of any Mercury in them) And, In TWO Days only, Have been Quite WELL, to Admiration.

Whereas, Before, They were always Ailing. Price 12d. a Dozen.

Or, Any Perſon may Buy Only ONE Single PLUM, and have Printed Directions, With it (for a PENNY) for a Child.

Or, Only 2, or 3, Or, As Few, Or, As Many as they pleaſe.

Or, SIX Dozen for 5s. For Charitable Ladies, and Others, to Give Away, in the Country, to their poor Neighbours.

For, By their EATING only One, or Two of theſe SUGAR PLUMS, they will have more Good done them, than by a Heap of Nauſeous Medicines, to Take.

And, Children may be Deceived, by EATING a Sweet Little SUGAR PLUM, when They will Take Nothing elſe.

Sold At Mr. BURCHELL's, At the

ANODYNE NECKLACE,

In LONG-ACRE, Next Drury-Lane, London,

Where, A Particular Treatiſe, On theſe ſo very UGLY Devouring ANIMALS being in People's Stomachs,——And,

On their being Brought thus VISIBLY Away, by theſe ſo very Surpriſing Little SUGAR PLUMS, &c. Is Given Gratis.

Where, Alſo, Are GIVEN GRATIS,

The Following Treatiſes, Each Adorned with Proper CUTS,

SQUEEZING the Hand, DUMB LANGUAGE for I LIKE YOU. (A Remarkable Treatiſe) 200 Years Travels of A SHILLING.—— On the Very LAST New Faſhion French HOOP Petti Coat, Quite Different from Any thing, Ever Writ. With the Curious Print of it, For the Ladies to Take a Model by, It being juſt Come Over.

On the Famous ANODYNE NECKLACE for Children's TEETH, &c.—— And, The EASY Secret Remedy Treatiſe, That Cures, &c. Without Telling Your Caſe, to Any One.

Ask for This Laſt Treatiſe, Only, By the Name of The EASY REMEDY, and it will be Readily Given You Gratis.

All Removed from *Temple-Bar*. And, Beware, of COUNTERFEITS, Behind the *Royal Exchange*.

LONDON: Printed for J. PURSER, in *Red-Lion Court, Fleet-ſtreet.* Where Advertiſements, and Letters to the Author, are taken in.